

# DODGE CITY TIMES.

VOL. II.

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NO. 20.

## THE DODGE CITY TIMES.

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W. C. & LLOYD SHINN.

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## OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

### County.

Representative—R. M. Wright.  
Commissioners—  
A. J. Pencock, Chairman.  
A. J. Anthony,  
Charles Rath.  
County Clerk—Jno. B. Means.  
Treasurer—A. B. Webster.  
Coroner—Dr. S. Galland.  
Sheriff—Charles E. Bassett.  
Register—James Langton.  
Clerk District Court—Harry Dwyer.  
Probate Judge—Herman J. Fringer.  
County Attorney—M. W. Sutton.  
Surveyor—H. T. McCarty.  
Supt. Pub. Inst.—Thomas L. McCarty.

### City.

Mayor—George M. Hoover.  
Councilmen—  
Hon. D. D. Collar,  
Geo. B. Cox,  
Charles Rath,  
H. B. Bell,  
John Mueller.  
Clerk—Harry E. Gryden.  
Treasurer—James Langton.  
Police Judge—Hon. D. M. Frost.  
City Attorney—Harry E. Gryden.  
Marshal—L. E. Deger.  
Deputy Marshal—Wyatt Karp.

### Township.

Trustee—P. L. Beatty.  
Clerk—Chas. E. Schultz.  
Treasurer—Henry Niess.  
Justices—W. V. McIntosh, D. E. Baldwin  
and D. M. Frost.  
Constables—James H. McGowan High Con-  
stable; Ed. Baldwin and David Morrow Consta-  
bles.  
Officers of School District No. 1—F. C. Zim-  
mermann, President; M. Collar, Secretary; A.  
J. Anthony, Treasurer.

School District No. 2—Director, D. E. Bal-  
dwin; Clerk, L. Marks; Treasurer, V. Miller.

### SOCIETIES.

#### RELIGIOUS.

PREACHING at the Union Church Building  
every Sunday at the hours of 11 a. m. and 7  
p. m. Also, lectures every Wednesday  
evening, by REV. O. W. WRIGHT, Pastor.

#### L. O. O. F.

CORONA LODGE No. 15, L. O. O. F. meet  
at their hall, on Locust Street, every  
Saturday night. Visiting Brothers are cordially  
invited to attend. D. M. FROST, N. G.  
B. G. COOK, Secretary.

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

#### D. M. FROST,

LAW AND COLLECTION OFFICE, at A.  
B. Webster's store. Notary public and  
real estate agent.

W. N. Morphy. Harry E. Gryden.  
MORPHY & GRYDEN.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Will practice in  
the District Courts of Western Kansas, and  
in Federal and Supreme courts of the State. 15

#### M. W. SUTTON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
Dodge City, Kansas.

A. N. Wood. E. F. Colborn.  
WOOD & COLBORN.

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW  
will practice in the District Court of Ford  
county. Address, Cottonwood Falls. 9

### THE TIMES JOB OFFICE

IS NOW PREPARED TO PRINT ALL KINDS  
of posters, cards, letter heads, bill heads,  
shipping tags, envelope cards, circulars and  
trunks, in the latest and most attractive styles.

#### DR. S. GALLAND,

OCCULIST AND CHRONIC DISEASES suc-  
cessfully treated.

#### M. COLLAR.

DEALER IN DRY GOODS CLOTHING,  
Coal and Lumber.  
Front Street, Dodge City, Kansas.

### YOUNG MEN

BAYLIES Great Mercantile College, Keokuk,  
Iowa, on the Mississippi. Nineteenth  
year. About sixty dollars pay all expenses for  
membership, board and stationery. Bookkeep-  
ers, penmen, reporters, operators, architects,  
surveyors and teachers thoroughly fitted. Rail-  
road fare reduced. Good situations. No vaca-  
tions. Don't fail to address Post. Miller,  
Keokuk, Iowa.

The city election takes place next  
Monday, and at the present outlook it  
seems probable that a lively contest will  
be had over a part of the ticket, at least.  
We hope the election will be conducted in  
a quiet and orderly manner, and we  
have every reason to believe it will be.  
There are plenty of good men in the field  
to choose from, and a good set of officers  
will no doubt be elected.

Mr. A. H. Johnson has been appointed  
Stock Agent of the Atchison, Topeka and  
Santa Fe Railroad Company, vice Messrs.  
Stockwell and Hamilton, resigned. We  
believe this appointment will result bene-  
ficially to the company and more particu-  
larly to Dodge City. Mr. Johnson is a  
western man, and has an extensive ac-  
quaintance among the stock men. He  
has been engaged in this line of business  
for years and thoroughly understands the  
requirements of stock men.

R. B. TAYLOR, who for nearly twenty  
years has edited the Wyandotte Gazette,  
died at his residence in Wyandotte,  
Kansas, last Sunday night. He was one  
of the most upright, reliable, widely  
known and respected members of the frater-  
nity in Kansas. We deeply regret this  
earthly calamity which has taken away  
a man whom we have long held in high  
esteem.

A dispatch from Omaha says the num-  
ber of tramps along the Union Pacific  
railroad is becoming enormous and it is  
reported that the train men have consid-  
erable trouble with them. A conductor  
of a freight train was fired on by two  
whom he had put off near Lone Tree this  
week.

JOHN D. LEE was shot last week, as  
per sentence. Before his death he made a  
confession implicating several dignitaries  
of the Mormon Church. Since the execu-  
tion of Lee evidence has come to light  
which proves that eighty teamsters were  
murdered by the Mormons in 1867 by order  
of Brigham.

THE government will soon establish a  
mail route from Camp Supply to Fort  
Elliott.

SPEAKER WOOD and the Topeka Com-  
monwealth are at present engaged in a  
rather terse correspondence arising from  
a difference of opinion as to the make-up  
of the House Journals. The Common-  
wealth expresses a desire and a determi-  
nation that a certain piece of literature,  
known as the "Baker-Commonwealth  
resolutions," should not appear as a part  
of the records of the House. But the  
Speaker thinks they are legal and must  
go down to posterity. The resolutions in  
dispute cannot be construed as an indorse-  
ment of the past course of the Common-  
wealth and its editor, and they recom-  
mend a future course which Mr. Baker  
does not wish to pursue. Therefore Mr.  
Baker objects.

### Bold Highwaymen.

DEADWOOD, March 20.—A bold attempt  
to rob the Cheyenne and Black Hills stage  
bound north was made near here last  
evening. As the coach was coming down  
Whitewood Canon, and about two and a  
half miles from Deadwood, five masked  
men walking along the road before the  
stage suddenly wheeled, ordered the  
driver to stop, and instantly commenced  
firing on the coach. At the first fire  
Johnny Slaughter, the driver, was killed,  
and Walter Her, of Deadwood, slightly  
wounded in the hand and arm. The  
horses started suddenly, throwing the  
driver, Her and another passenger off the  
coach. The stage was not stopped till it  
arrived at town, leaving the driver on the  
road dead. About twenty shots were fired  
at the coach, but all the passengers except  
Her were unhurt. A party went out and  
found the driver with a charge of buck-  
shot in his breast. The robbers got no  
booty. The Sheriff and party are in  
pursuit of the road agents. The Sheriff  
offers \$500 reward for them, dead or alive.

### The Shooting of Swayze.

J. Clarke Swayze was shot dead in  
Topeka last Monday evening, by John W.  
Wilson. They had been quarreling for  
some time. Wilson had beaten and  
kicked Swayze severely a short time  
before, from which the latter had only  
partially recovered. Swayze continued  
to assail Wilson through his paper—the  
Blade. On the day of the fatal shooting  
an article appeared in the Blade which we  
think had considerable to do with bringing  
on the meeting and its fatal result. The  
evidence before the Coroner's jury shows  
that Wilson approached Swayze near the  
back entrance to the Blade office and  
spoke to him. Swayze stepped back a  
few feet and drew a revolver, telling  
Wilson to keep away from him. Wilson  
said he did not intend to beat Swayze up  
again. Swayze replied: "I don't intend  
that you shall." Wilson then stepped  
behind Constable Hine, who was with  
him, drew and cocked his revolver, and  
suddenly stepped forward and fired.  
Swayze fired about the same time, or  
immediately after. The ball from Wil-  
son's pistol struck Swayze in the right  
breast and inclined toward the left, stop-  
ping near the spine. One or two more  
shots were fired and then they clinched,  
Wilson beating Swayze over the back of  
the head with his revolver. Swayze soon  
fell to the ground in a dying condition,  
from the effect of the wound in his chest.  
He never spoke after the fatal shot.  
When Wilson attacked Swayze on the  
street and beat him, many said he did  
right, and that Swayze deserved it be-  
cause he had abused Wilson through his  
paper. Swayze was a man who had many  
enemies, and a man who never cared to  
make friends with an opponent. Many  
disliked him for the course he took in ex-  
posing the private characters of men and  
women, bringing family quarrels and  
scandals before the public gaze, etc.  
but we believe he was no worse in this  
respect than Wilson. The private affairs  
of no family in Topeka was never more  
publicly discussed in print than the  
Swayze family, and the instrument used  
was the Topeka Times, published by this  
same Wilson and his father. About two  
years ago Swayze and the Wilsons were  
running opposition papers in Topeka.  
About that time Swayze had some family  
troubles, and two of his children left  
home on account of it, and we very well  
remember that nearly every day the  
columns of Wilson's paper were filled with  
references to these "family jars," and  
attacks upon Swayze's private character.  
Since then Swayze has frequently pub-  
lished severe charges against Wilson.  
Swayze's children always thought a great  
deal of their father and the news of his  
death caused great sorrow throughout  
the household.

Wilson was arrested and gave bonds for  
his appearance in the sum of \$12,000.

### Lee's Execution.

Early in the morning the party entered  
the Mountain Meadows and halted at the  
point known as the Old Emigrant Camp.  
The scene was a weird one and was well  
calculated to fill the heart of the specta-  
tor with awe at the grandeur of nature  
which is presented on every side. The  
high wall of rock look frowningly down,  
cold and heartless, upon the spectacle  
below. It was a strange scene that was  
presented, when, at 11 o'clock, the old  
man was led out to die upon the very spot  
where, on that awful day of the massacre  
he and his "destroying angels" so imbued  
their hands in the blood of the innocent.  
He was seated upon his coffin at about  
fifteen paces from the firing party. The  
coffin was plain and painted black.  
Marshal Nelson, confronting him, read  
the order of the court, and asked him if  
he had anything to say. At this he  
opened his mouth and in a very brief  
speech of not over three minutes, deliv-  
ered in a firm voice and with execrable  
grammatic construction, his last speech.  
He denied any guilty design upon his

own part, and refrained from implicating  
any one, but his denunciation of Brigham  
Young was bitter and severe. He  
He accused him of having led the Mormon  
people away from Joseph Smith, and  
involved them in gross error and darkness.  
declared that death had no terrors for  
him, and the calmness, even hardness of  
his demeanor bore witness that in that at  
least he was telling the truth. At the  
close he expressed his firm belief in the  
doctrines of Joseph Smith; and, having  
finished, sat still and waited.

The Rev. Mr. Stokes, a Methodist  
minister of Salt Lake City, offered up a  
short and fervent prayer, committing to  
God's mercy the soul that was passing—  
small as it was, and toughened; though to  
these peculiarities the good man failed to  
refer.

A bandage was placed over his eyes.  
He submitted in silence to the operation,  
and then, being left alone, he raised his  
hands until they rested upon his head.  
He sat erect, and was perfectly cool and  
firm in every nerve as though he was in  
his own house, with danger far away.  
The firing party silently raised their  
pieces, the click of the hammers breaking  
with painful sharpness upon the stillness.  
Then he spoke his last words: "Shoot  
through the heart, boys."

An instant's pause; then the voice of  
Nelson, "Fire!"

The discharge was simultaneous. As it  
broke upon the air, Lee was seen to fall  
backward into the coffin. Instantly,  
though orderly, the officers approached,  
and it was found that all the five balls  
had entered the chest, and some of them  
had gone through the heart, so that death  
must have been instantaneous. The re-  
mains were arranged decently, and the  
party slowly left the place, taking them  
along.

### Indian Removal.

A communication from Senator Plumb,  
under date of March 27th, 1877, is to the  
effect that the Ponca Indians will be re-  
moved to the Indian Territory this spring.

The Ponca—Brule Sioux—is the rem-  
nant of the once formidable tribe of the  
Swan Lake Brules, formerly occupying the  
Thousand Lake country in Minnesota,  
and now numbering about 2,500 souls.

The removal of the above Indians to the  
Indian Territory can work nothing but  
good to Dodge City. The Indians must  
be shipped to this point; teams will be in  
demand for their removal and also their  
outfit. A corresponding amount of gov-  
ernment appropriations of stores, provi-  
sions, etc., must be added to the annual  
stock of provisions, clothing, etc., all of  
which augments our business and brings  
more capital among us. Besides, this is  
only a commencement of what must  
follow. The entire Sioux tribes must  
come closely upon the heels of this first  
act of the government in breaking in upon  
the various Sioux tribes.

Red Cloud declared himself ready and  
willing to be forwarded to the Territory  
last winter, and a committee of his tribe  
will be appointed to visit the territory  
this summer for the purpose of seeing the  
country and choosing a location. They  
will be here some time in the month of  
May or June, and then a definite time will  
be set for the completion of the treaty  
and removal of the entire lot of Indians  
from the Red Cloud Agency. This will  
probably be effected by the coming fall.

This Red Cloud tribe numbers some  
7,000 souls. The figures, as stated by the  
Indian agent at Red Cloud, sum up 8,700,  
making in all 10,000 or 11,000 that will be  
forwarded within twelve months. By the  
above figures the impetus to business here  
can scarcely be estimated too high. It  
must revive every branch within the  
economy of our general and special  
interests, and bring back our old time  
prosperity.

COWGILL, of the Rice County Gazette,  
is over head and ears engaged in watching  
the developments of a mysterious family  
quarrel in his neighborhood.